

2023 Significant Risk Factors

Strategic Risk		
Risk Factors	1. Raw Material Security	
Key Risks and	The quantity of primary raw materials such as sugarcane, fuel, rubber	
Impacts	wood and fertilizer materials might fall below target. Inadequate	
	sugarcane, in particular, can impact downstream businesses such as electricity	
	and ethanol, leading to unexpectedly high costs. This is	
	primarily due to the following issues:	
	• Impacts of the El Niño phenomenon	
	• Trend of farmers reducing the use of fertilizer due to drought and high	
	prices driven by the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict, which affected	
	sugarcane yield per rai	
	• Some farmers have switched to growing cassava instead of sugarcane, as	
	cassava requires less water and offers higher market prices, leading to	
	reduced sugarcane plantation areas.	
	• Increased competition among businesses that use the same raw materials	
Management	The Company focuses on both short and long-term management	
	as follows:	
	1. Purchase sugarcane from farmers under a contract farming system and	
	provide financial support as a factor of production.	
	2. Promote sugarcane farming near water sources and irrigation systems.	
	3. Support the development of small and large water sources to ensure an	
	adequate water supply for farming.	
	4. Provide modern technology and advancements to improve the sustainable	
	management system.	
	5. Provide farmers with modern agricultural knowledge through ModernFarm	
	Academy.	



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	6. Implement projects such as purchasing sugarcane leaves and
	the "Follow Father - Plant (for) Happiness" initiative to generate additional
Ĩ.	income for farmers.
	7. Expand areas for sourcing wood supply and diversify the portfolio of
	alternative fuels for power generation, such as sugarcane leaves, rice straw,
	and rice husks, as well as source alternative materials for ethanol
	production, like C-Mol, to better manage stocks and costs.
Operational Risk	
Risk Factor	2. Waste and Pollution Management
Key Risks and	One of Mitr Phol's key missions is to manage waste and emissions from business
Impacts	operations and related activities. This includes managing dust from sugarcane
	burning, emissions from production processes, bagasse piling, sugar mill effluent,
	ash, and noise from sugarcane transportation for crushing.In today's age of rapid
	communication and heightened environmental awareness, these issues could
	lead to complaints or lawsuits, which will impact costs and approval of permits
	for new or expanded operations and damage the Company's reputation.
Management	Establish short-term and long-term measures to manage waste and pollution as
	follows:
	1. Implement measures to prevent and control dust levels.
	2. Manage water used in the production process to ensure efficient
	and sufficient water utilization based on the 4Rs principle:
	Resource Reduce Recycle and Reuse.
	3. Implement a standard environmental management process.
	4. Monitor water and air quality to meet legal requirements and conduct risk
	assessments in each area for effective management.
	5. Establish a complaint handling process to receive complaints through
	multiple channels, such as social media platforms, telephone, and the
	Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).
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Financial Risk	
Risk Factors	3. Commodity Price Volatility
Key Risks and Impacts	Volatility and the difficulty in forecasting prices of commodities, such as
	sugar, molasses, fertilizers, and energy, impact revenue and cost forecasts
	differently across businesses.
Mitigation	1. The Sugar Sales Committee and the Ethanol Sales Committee have
	established guidelines and policies, and a dedicated department is
	responsible for monitoring situations, analyzing trends, and assessing
	direct impacts on selling prices, enabling timely decision-making based
	on market conditions.
	2. Coordinate closely with Thai Cane and Sugar Co., Ltd. (TCSC) to exchange
	information and policies on sugar sales to support the development of sales
	strategies and plans.
	3. Use various financial instruments to mitigate risks from volatile sugar and
	ethanol prices.
	4. Engage related departments in developing a cost management plan.
	5. Collaborate with suppliers and customers to plan deliveries in advance to
	maximize transportation cost management.
Risk Factors	<u>4. Exchange Rate Volatility</u>
Key Risks and Impacts	The high volatility of the Thai baht poses a significant risk to the forecasted
	revenue of the sugar and wood substitute businesses, as the majority of their
	income comes from exports. Furthermore, fluctuating prices of imported
	molasses and fertilizer materials for ethanol and fertilizer production, as well as
	imported machinery for the manufacturing process, can impact cost
	forecasting.



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Management 1.	Establish the Financial Risk Management Committee to set a framework,
	develop systems, and identify tools for effective financial risk
	management.
2.	Set a clear Exchange Rate Risk Management Policy to maintain the risk
	at an acceptable level.
3.	Designate a dedicated unit responsible for close monitoring of financial
	situations.
4.	Use various financial Instruments
5.	Coordinate closely with Thai Cane and Sugar Co., Ltd. (TCSC) to monitor
	sugar sales data to support planning forward trading and enable effective
	cost management.
Legal and Regulatory Complia	ance Risk
Risk Factors <u>5. C</u>	Changes in Relevant Laws, Rules, and Regulations
Key Risks and Impacts Fail	ling to keep up with changing laws and policies, as well as strict
enfo	orcement, can lead to non-compliance with relevant regulations, potentially
rest	ulting in penalties or a reduced ability to compete. Relevant changes
incl	lude:
•	The Cane and Sugar Act (No. 2) B.E. 2565 defines "bagasse" as a
	"by-product" that must be calculated and included in the benefit-sharing
	system and the sugar quota system.
•	The Notification of the Central Committee for Price of Goods and Services
	on Additional Controlled Goods declared sugar as controlled goods.
•	The government policy to promote electric vehicles and remove subsidies
	for E85 fuel
Management 1.	Establish the compliance guidelines to monitor Mitr Phol's compliance
2.	Establish a Compliance Unit responsible for supporting the monitoring and
	risk assessment of relevant laws, and for tracking new regulations in



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	3. Deploy technology for effective monitoring of legal compliance through
	the compliance system and regularly report compliance with relevant
	laws, rules, and regulations to the executives and relevant parties.
	4. Educate employees to create an understanding of relevant laws
	5. Support and advocate for the Thai Sugar Millers Corporation Limited in
	using the cane and sugar fund mechanism to stabilize sugarcane prices.
Environmental, Social an	d Governance (ESG) Risk
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Risk Factors	6. Climate Change (Drought)
Key Issues and Impacts	The El Niño phenomenon and the positive Indian Ocean Dipole are expected
	to cause drought in Thailand in 2023-2024. The climate will be extremely hot
	and dry with delayed rainfall. All regions will experience below-average rainfall,
	leading to depleted water levels in natural sources and dams, resulting in the
	following effects:
	• Less sugarcane yield and sweetness, subsequently raising the farming
	costs.
	• Water reserve may be Insufficient for industrial production processes.
	• Fire risks are increased from hot and dry weather.
Management	1. Promote sugarcane farming near water sources and irrigation systems.
	2. Promote the development of small and large water resources to ensure a
	sufficient water supply for agriculture, and increase water efficiency
	through the use of drip irrigation and solar water supply systems.
	3. Provide modern technology and advancements to enhance the
	sustainable management system from sugar plantations to sugar mills
	under the Mitr Phol ModernFarm Project.
	4. Implement measures to manage water used in the production process to
	ensure efficient and sufficient water utilization based on the 4Rs
	principle: Resource Reduce Recycle and Reuse.
	 Establish measures for fire prevention and response.